Let's Do Some Math	How Many Do You See?		
Standards Unpacking	Кеу	Standard	Prerequisites/Vocabulary
	Put a box around the conceptual component	<b>3.NBT.3</b> - <u>Multiply</u> one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 (e.g., 9 × 80, 5 × 60) <u>using strategies</u> based on place value and properties of operations.	What prior knowledge should my students have?
	of the standard.		What vocabulary/ notation should students know for this standard?
	Underline the procedural/fluency component of the		
	standard.  Put a cloud around the	<b>3.OA.3</b> - Use multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems in situations involving equal groups, arrays, and measurement quantities, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.	What prior knowledge should my students have?
	application component of the standard.	anknown namber to represent the problem.	What vocabulary/ notation should students know for this standard?
		<b>3.0A.5</b> - Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide. 2 Examples: If $6 \times 4 = 24$ is known, then $4 \times 6 = 24$ is also known. (Commutative property of multiplication.) $3 \times 5 \times 2$ can be found by $3 \times 5 = 15$ , then $15 \times 2 = 30$ , or by $5 \times 2 = 10$ , then	What prior knowledge should my students have?
		$3 \times 10 = 30$ . (Associative property of multiplication.) Knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$ and $8 \times 2 = 16$ , one can find $8 \times 7$ as $8 \times (5 + 2) = (8 \times 5) + (8 \times 2) = 40 + 16 = 56$ . (Distributive property.)	What vocabulary/ notation should students know for this standard?



# Grade 3 – Multiplication

3.OA.9 - Identify arithmetic patterns (including patterns in the addition table or multiplication table), and explain them using properties of operations. For example, observe that 4 times a number is always even, and explain why 4 times a number can be decomposed into two equal addends.	What prior knowledge should my students have?  What vocabulary/ notation should students know for this standard?
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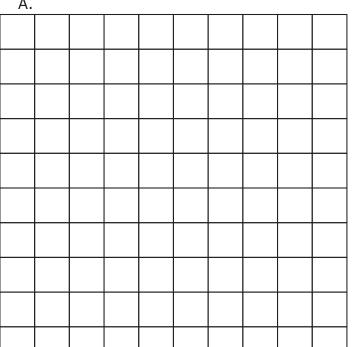
**Directions:** Complete the following SOLVE problem with your teacher. You will only complete the S step.

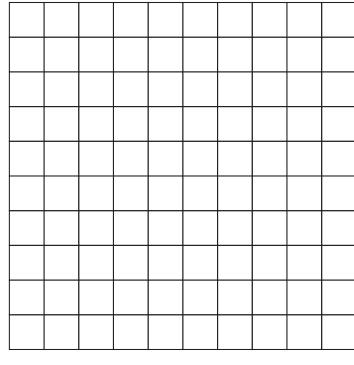
Marcel's mother is buying gum for his soccer team. The cost of gum is \$2.39 per package. She buys 3 packages of gum. Each package has 5 packs of gum. Each pack of gum has 10 pieces in it. How many pieces of gum are in all 3 packages?

**S** Underline the question.

This problem is asking me to find \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Complete this page with your teacher and partner.





**1.** What does the first grid represent?

What is the number fact?

**2.** What does the second grid represent?

What is the number fact?

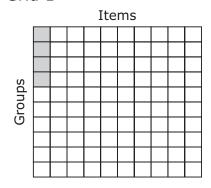
3. Compare the grids. \_\_\_\_\_

**4.** 3 • 10 = 10 •

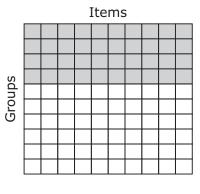


**Directions:** Complete this page with your teacher and partner.

Grid 1



Grid 2



What is the meaning of the math fact modeled in the first grid? Write the math fact below Grid 1.

What is the meaning of the math fact modeled in Grid 2? Write the math fact below Grid 2.

# Multiplying by 10:

Let's look at the patterns in the examples below.

6 • 1 =

What do you notice about each product when we multiplied by 10? Our answer ended in a \_\_\_\_\_ because the product was groups of \_\_\_.

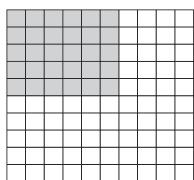
How can we apply what we know about our basic facts to multiply by multiples of 10?

Fact	What is the place value of the digits in our <b>items?</b>	What does this mean?	Product				
3 • 6	the digits in our recins.						
	have 18 in the ones column? and write our product as one						
3 • 60	·	·					
Can we have 18 in the tens column? This means that we have to regroup tens and write our product as one group of hundreds and 8 tens which is							
5 • 40							

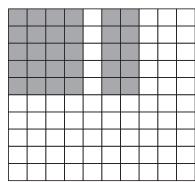
When I multiply by a multiple of \_\_\_\_\_\_, my product represents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Directions:** Complete this page with your teacher and partner.

1. Α.



В.

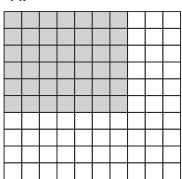


Are both sets of arrays equal? \_\_\_\_\_ How do you know? \_\_\_\_\_

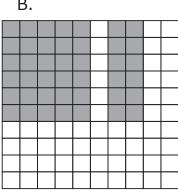
Number Sentences: 
$$5 \bullet \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 30 \hspace{1cm} (5 \bullet \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + (5 \bullet \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = 30$$

$$5 \bullet \_\_ = (5 \bullet \_\_) + (5 \bullet \_\_)$$

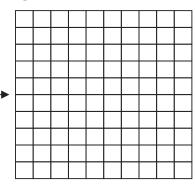
2. Α.



В.



C.



Are both sets of arrays equal? \_\_\_\_\_ How do you know? \_\_\_\_\_

Number Sentences: 
$$6 \bullet _ = 42 \quad (6 \bullet _) + (6 \bullet _) = 42$$

What happened to the 5 and 2 in 6 ● 5 and 6 ● 2? \_\_\_\_\_

## **Understanding Reasoning and Modeling Questions**

Use this sheet as a reflection tool to support the understanding of the evidence statement around the reasoning questions. After you engage/learn about the questions, use the tool to make notes around your take aways and implementation ideas.

Current Unit Topics:	
	Evidence Statement for Reasoning
What Content Standards Are Addressed in This Evidence Statement from the Current Unit?	
Takeaways About the Statement – What Do Students Need to Be Able to Do	
What Should Be Evident in a Student Response	



### Grade 3 – Multiplication

### Reasoning Question - 3.C.4 - 1

Used from: NJ Released Questions – 3.C.4-1 – Operations and Algebraic Thinking – 0190-M01039P

#### Part A

Ms. Williams asked Carlos and Sara to show different ways to find the value of this expression:

$$4 \times 2 \times 3$$

Carlos decided to multiply  $2 \times 3$  first. Which expression shows what Carlos should multiply next to find the correct value of  $4 \times 2 \times 3$ .

- A.  $4 \times 2$
- B.  $4 \times 2$
- C.  $4 \times 2$
- D.  $4 \times 2$

#### Part B

Sara explained the way she found the value of  $4 \times 2 \times 3$  as follows:

- Multiply  $4 \times 2$ .
- Multiply  $4 \times 3$ .
- Add the two products.

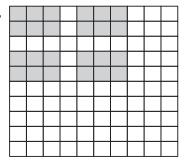
Sara made a mistake. Describe Sara's mistake.

What is the correct value of  $4 \times 2 \times 3$ ?



**Directions:** Complete this page with your teacher and partner.

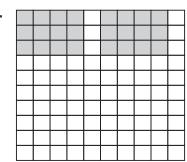
**3.** A.



Fact: \_\_\_\_\_

Way to Multiply

В.

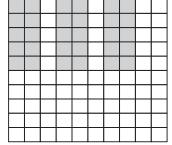


Fact: \_\_\_\_\_

Way to Multiply

If  $(2 \bullet 3) \bullet 4 = 6 \bullet 4 = 24$  and  $2 \bullet (3 \bullet 4) = 2 \bullet 12 = 24$ , then what can you conclude about these facts?

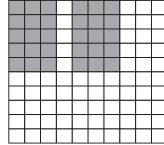
**4.** A.



Fact:

Way to Multiply

В.



Fact: \_\_\_\_

Way to Multiply

If  $5 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 = 30$  and  $5 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = 30$ , then what can you conclude about these facts?  $5 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot 3 \cdot \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

**Directions:** Complete this page with your teacher and partner.

Steps for Multiplying

the problem.
Circle the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to be multiplied first.

the two circled factors.

Multiply the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the circled factors by the \_\_\_\_\_\_ factor.

 Let's Review

 1. (6 • 2) • 3

 Way to Multiply

 2. 6 • (2 • 3)

 Way to Multiply

If  $(6 \cdot 2) \cdot 3 = 6 \cdot (2 \cdot 3)$ , then \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**3.** Show two ways to multiply  $4 \bullet 3 \bullet 2$  by changing the order of the factors.

Way to Multiply

Way to Multiply

If  $4 \bullet 3 \bullet 2 = 4 \bullet 2 \bullet 3$ , then  $12 \bullet ___ = 8 \bullet ___$ .

**4.** Show how to solve the problem 9 • 16.

9 • 16 = (9 • \_\_\_\_) + (9 • \_\_\_\_) = \_\_\_\_+ \_ = \_\_\_\_

What happened to the 10 and 6 in 9 • 10 and 9 • 6? \_\_\_\_\_

#### **LESSON 15: Patterns**

**Directions:** Complete the following SOLVE problem with your teacher. You will only complete the S step.

A jeweler has purchased stones to make several necklaces. He has purchased 37 stones and 5 clasps to fasten the necklaces. Will the jeweler have any stones left over after making 5 identical necklaces? If so, how many stones will be left over?

S	Underline the question.
	This problem is asking me to find

### **Addition Chart**

+	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18



	Patterns with Addi	ition Chart - Even	Numbers
Value	Number to Add	Sum	Odd or Even
2	2		
2	4		
2	6		
2	8		
4	2		
4	4		
4	6		
4	8		

1.	With y	your	partr	ner, I	make	ар	redicti	ion a	about	the	sum	of 6	and	any	ever	า nur	mber
	Now p	olace	the	bear	ns on	the	sums	of 6	5 and	the	even	nun	nbers	s. Is	the	sum	ever
	or odd	d?															

2.	With	your	parti	ner,	make	ар	redicti	ion	al	bout	the	sum	of 8	and	any	eve	n nui	mber.
	Now	place	the	bear	ns on	the	sums	of	8	and	the	even	nun	nbers	s. Is	the	sum	even
	or oc	ld?																



	Patterns with Add	lition Chart - Odd Nui	mbers
Value	Number to Add	Sum	Odd or Even
1	1		
1	3		
1	5		
1	7		
3	1		
3	3		
3	5		
3	7		

3.	With your partner, make a prediction about the sum of 5 and any odd number.
	Now place the beans on the sums of 5 and the odd numbers. Is the sum even or
	odd?

4.	With your partner, make a prediction about the sum of 7 and any odd number.
	Now place the beans on the sums of 7 and the odd numbers. Is the sum even or
	odd?



#### **LESSON 15: Patterns**

- **1.** What is the sum of 1 + 2? \_\_\_\_\_ Is the sum odd or even?
- **2.** What is the sum of 4 + 5? \_\_\_\_\_\_ Is the sum odd or even? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** With your partner, list 10 addition facts where 1 addend is odd and 1 is even.

Addition Fact	Sum	Odd or Even?

- **4.** What can you conclude about adding two even numbers? \_\_\_\_\_\_. Why? \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **5.** What can you conclude about adding two odd numbers? \_\_\_\_\_ Why? \_\_\_\_\_.
- **6.** What can you conclude about the sum of an odd and an even number? \_\_\_\_\_ Why? \_\_\_\_



# **Multiplication Chart**

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81



Patterns with Multiplication Chart - Even Numbers				
Value	Number to Multiply By	Product	Odd or Even	
2	2			
2	4			
2	6			
2	8			
4	2			
4	4			
4	6			
4	8			

1.	With your partner, make a prediction about the product of 6 and any even number.
	Now place the beans on the products of 6 and the even numbers. Are the products
	even or odd?

2.	With your partner, make a prediction about the product of 8 and any even number.
	Now place the beans on the products of 8 and the even numbers. Are the products
	even or odd?



	Patterns with Multiplication Chart - Odd Numbers				
Value	Number to Multiply By	Product	Odd or Even		
1	1				
1	3				
1	5				
1	7				
3	1				
3	3				
3	5				
3	7				

3.	With your partner, make a prediction about the product of 5 and any odd number.
	Now place the beans on the products of 5 and the odd numbers. Are the products
	even or odd?

4.	With your partner, make a prediction about the product of 7 and any odd number.
	Now place the beans on the products of 7 and the odd numbers. Are the products
	even or odd?



### **LESSON 15: Patterns**

Directions, Complete this pa	ago with your toacher and n	artnor		
1. Using your multiplication	<ul> <li>Using your multiplication table, find the product of 3 • 2.</li> <li>Is the product odd or even?</li> </ul>			
<b>2.</b> Using your multiplication Is the product odd or eve		• 7		
<b>3.</b> With your partner, list 10 even.	0 multiplication facts wher	e 1 factor is odd and 1 is		
Multiplication Fact	Product	Odd or Even?		
<b>4.</b> What can you conclude at Why?	pout multiplying two even n	umbers?		
• What can you conclude about multiplying two odd numbers?				
What can you conclude about the product of an odd and an even number? Why?				



#### **Understanding Reasoning and Modeling Questions**

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What Should Be Evident in a Student Response		

### **Modeling Question - 3.D.1**

Used from: NJ Released Questions - D.1 - Operations and Algebraic Thinking - M00819

Mr. Haley bought a total of 36 pictures. The pictures are only sold in packages. Each package came with 4 small pictures, 3 medium pictures, and 2 large pictures.

How many pictures were in each package? Show your work.

How many packages did he buy? Show your work.

Enter your answers and your work in the space provided.

